



Unit 3: La familia

Learn how to talk about your family, describe people and express ownership

3.1 Descriptive adjectives **¡INTÉNTALO!**

Provide the appropriate forms of the adjectives. The first item in each group has been done for you. (cont'd)

difícil

1. La química es difícil.
2. El curso es _____.
3. Las pruebas son _____.
4. Los libros son _____.

guapo

1. Su esposo es guapo.
2. Mis sobrinas son _____.
3. Los padres de ella son _____.
4. Marta es _____.

Guided Practice P. 91 and P. 92

- ▶ Activity 4: Instead of saying if “Estás de acuerdo” or “No estás de acuerdo”. Describe each one of these elements with at least three adjectives.



ER and IR verbs

Regular verbs with different endings...

3.3 Present tense of **-er** and **-ir** verbs

ANTE TODO In **Lección 2**, you learned how to form the present tense of regular **-ar** verbs. You also learned about the importance of verb forms, which change to show who is performing the action. Now you will learn the forms of verbs from two other important verb groups, **-er** verbs and **-ir** verbs.

3.3 Present tense of -er and -ir verbs

Present tense of -er and -ir verbs			
		comer (to eat)	escribir (to write)
SINGULAR FORMS	yo	como	escribo
	tú	comes	escribes
	Ud./él/ella	come	escribe
PLURAL FORMS	nosotros/as	comemos	escribimos
	vosotros/as	coméis	escribís
	Uds./ellos/ellas	comen	escriben

3.3 Present tense of -er and -ir verbs

- ▶ **-Er** and **-ir** verbs have very similar endings. You can detect patterns that make it easier for you to use them to communicate in Spanish.

Inés y Javier comen.



Maite escribe.



3.3 Present tense of **-er** and **-ir** verbs

- ▶ Like **-ar** verbs, the **yo** forms of **-er** and **-ir** verbs end in **-o**.

Yo **com****o**.

Yo **escrib****o**.

3.3 Present tense of **-er** and **-ir** verbs

- ▶ Except for the **yo** form, all of the verb endings for **-er** verbs begin with **-e**.

-es

-emos

-en

-e

-éis

Subject Pronoun	AR	ER	IR
Yo	-o	-o	-o
Tú	-as	-es	-es
Él/ella/Ud.	-a	-e	-e
Nosotros(as)	-amos	-emos	-imos
Vosotros(as)	-ais	-éis	-ís
Ellos/Ellas/Uds.	-an	-en	-en

3.3 Present tense of -er and -ir verbs

Common -er and -ir verbs

-er verbs

aprender (a + <i>inf.</i>)	<i>to learn</i>
beber	<i>to drink</i>
comer	<i>to eat</i>
comprender	<i>to understand</i>
correr	<i>to run</i>
creer (en)	<i>to believe (in)</i>
deber (+ <i>inf.</i>)	<i>should; must; ought to</i>
leer	<i>to read</i>

-ir verbs

abrir	<i>to open</i>
asistir (a)	<i>to attend</i>
compartir	<i>to share</i>
decidir (+ <i>inf.</i>)	<i>to decide</i>
describir	<i>to describe</i>
escribir	<i>to write</i>
recibir	<i>to receive</i>
vivir	<i>to live</i>

3.3 Present tense of -er and -ir verbs



Ellos **corren** en el parque.



Él **escribe** una carta.

3.3 Present tense of -er and -ir verbs



¡INTÉNTALO!

Provide the appropriate present tense forms of these verbs. The first item in each column has been done for you.

correr

1. Graciela corre.
2. Tú _____.
3. Yo _____.
4. Sara y Ana _____.
5. Usted _____.
6. Ustedes _____.
7. La gente _____.
8. Marcos y yo _____.

abrir

1. Ellos abren la puerta.
2. Carolina _____ la maleta.
3. Yo _____ las ventanas.
4. Nosotras _____ los libros.
5. Usted _____ el cuaderno.
6. Tú _____ la ventana.
7. Ustedes _____ las maletas.
8. Los muchachos _____ los cuadernos.