

Lección 1: Las relaciones personales

Spanish III

Agenda

- Revisamos el presente progresivo de nuevo.
- Chequeamos las respuestas de la actividad 1 de la página 24.

TAREA: Estudia el vocabulario de la Lección 1 y la gramática también. Las relaciones personales. Recuerda hacer tu comentario en EDMODO.

1.3 Progressive forms

- Progressive forms are used less frequently in Spanish than in English, and only when emphasizing that an action is *in progress* at the moment described. To refer to actions that occur over a period of time or in the near future, Spanish uses the present tense instead.

PRESENT TENSE

Lourdes **estudia** economía en la UNAM.

Lourdes is studying economics at UNAM.

¿**Vienes** con nosotros al Café Pamplona?

Are you coming with us to Café Pamplona?

PRESENT PROGRESSIVE

Ahora mismo, Lourdes **está tomando** un examen.

Right now, Lourdes is taking an exam.

No, no puedo. Ya **estoy cocinando**.

No, I can't go. I'm already cooking.

1.3 Progressive forms

¡ATENCIÓN!

Other tenses may have progressive forms as well. These tenses emphasize that an action was/will be in progress.

PAST (pp. 94–105)

Estaba marcando su número justo cuando él me llamó.

I was dialing his number right when he called me.

FUTURE (pp. 216–219)

No vengas a las cuatro, todavía estaremos trabajando.

Don't come at four o'clock; we will still be working.

1.3 Progressive forms

Other verbs with the present participle

- Spanish expresses various shades of progressive action by using verbs such as **seguir**, **ir**, **venir**, and **andar** with the present participle.
- **Seguir** with the present participle expresses the idea of *to keep doing something*.

Emilio **sigue hablando**.

Emilio keeps on talking.

Mercedes **sigue quejándose**.

Mercedes keeps complaining.

1.3 Progressive forms

- Ir with the present participle indicates a gradual or repeated process. It often conveys the English idea of *more and more*.

Cada día que pasa **voy disfrutando** más de esta clase.

I'm enjoying this class more and more every day.

Ana y Juan **van acostumbrándose** al horario de clase.

Ana and Juan are getting more and more used to the class schedule.

1.3 Progressive forms

- **Venir** and **Llevar** with the present participle indicate a gradual action that accumulates or increases over time.

Hace años que **viene diciendo** cuánto le gusta el béisbol.

He's been saying how much he likes baseball for years.

Llevo insistiendo en lo mismo desde el principio.

I have been insisting on the same thing from the beginning.

1.3 Progressive forms

- **Andar** with the present participle conveys the idea of *going around doing something* or of *always doing something*.

José siempre **anda quejándose** de eso.

José is always complaining about that.

Román **anda diciendo** mentiras.

Román is going around telling lies.

Práctica

- Completa la actividad 1 de la página 24.