

Practica 8th : Finish the activity and present

- Take the DESCUBRE book and complete activity 9 on page 5. Work with 1 or 2 partners and complete only one of the prompts. You will present it in class...

Calentamiento

Translate the following dialogue...

- Good Morning Class! My name is Mrs. Ramirez.
- Good Morning Mrs. Ramirez!
- Sit down, please and take the book out.
- (Student) Can I go to the bathroom, please?
- Yes. What is your name?
- My name is Peter. How are you, Mrs. Ramirez?
- Very well, thank you.

Calentamiento

¡5 segundos!

1. Buenas Tardes

- a. Good morning
- b. Good afternoon

2. Silencio, por favor

- a. Take a piece of paper
- b. Silence, please

3. ¿Cómo estás?

a. How are you?

b. What's your name?

4. ¿De dónde eres?

a. Where are you from?

b. Can I go to the
bathroom?

5. Siéntense, por favor

a. Sit down, please

b. Stand up, please

6. No sé

a. I don't know

b. I don't understand

7. No entiendo

a. I don't know

b. I don't understand

8. Hasta luego

- a. See you later
- b. Bye (informal)

9. Miren

a. Listen

b. Look

10. Perdón

- a. Repeat
- b. Excuse me

Answers

1. B
2. B
3. A
4. A
5. A
6. A
7. B
8. A
9. B
10. B

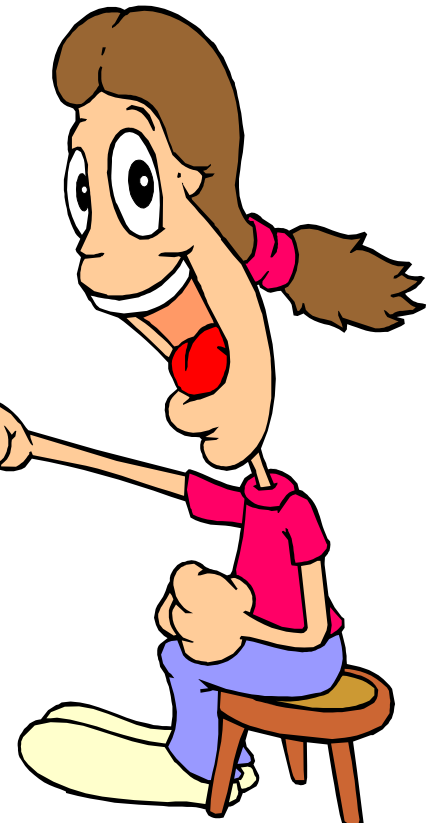
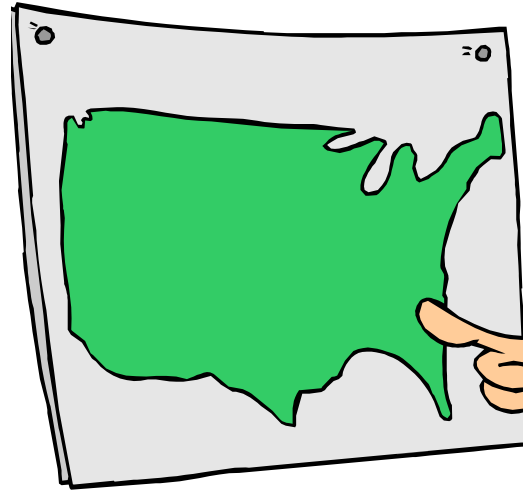
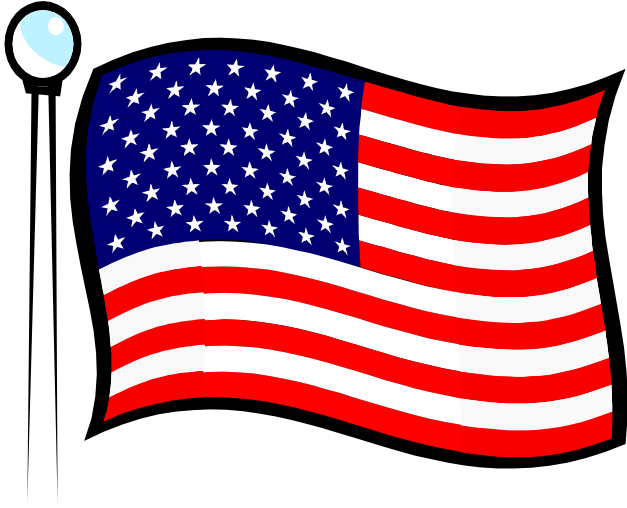
The use of Tú and Usted

- **Tú** and **Usted** mean the same thing: **YOU**
- This **YOU** is **singular**, not as a group.
 - Ex: YOU Mary not YOU GUYS
- **Tú** is the informal version, meaning the way you talk to your brother, friend or someone your age. It is very familiar!
- **Usted** is used when we talk to an adult, an elderly person or someone with a higher rank. It is formal!

Piensa....

- Consider the following people and tell me how would you address them: Tú or Ud.
 - Your sister
 - Your grandmother
 - Your teacher
 - A student from another school
 - A sales person in a store

United States



- There are 350 million people that speak Spanish in the world.
- Spanish is from the region of Spain call CASTILLA. The real name of the Spanish language is “Castellano”.
- It is called the “language of Cervantes”, the author of the famous Don Quijote de la Mancha.
- The “conquistadores” and “exploradores” brought the language to the AMERICAS in the 15th century and 16th century.
- Spanish is the official language of almost all the countries in Central and South America.
- In the U.S., it is the heritage language of more than 40 million people...and counting.

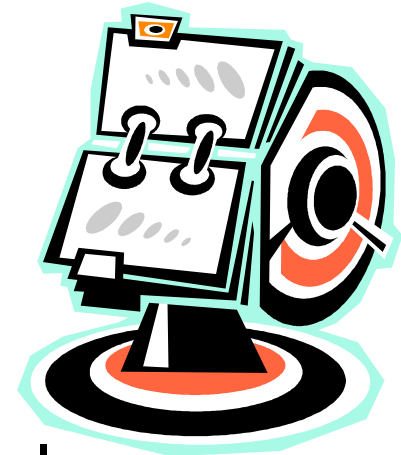
EL BESO (The KISS)

- ▶ Take the yellow book (DESCUBRE) and open on page 10. We are going to read about “besos” when we greet people...
- ▶ When we finish, complete the activities at the bottom.



Names in Spanish

- ▶ Page 11: Read names...
- ▶ In Spanish the name is like this:
 - First Name
 - Middle Name
 - 1st Last name (Father)
 - 2nd Last name (Mother)
- ▶ Girls: When you get married, you lose your second last name and you adopt your husband's



The culture of names

- ▶ Many of the Spanish names come from the Judeo-Christian culture, therefore some names are combined. The most common one is MARÍA followed by another name. MARÍA is Spanish for MARY, the Virgin Mary.
- ▶ Many of these names are used combined and cannot be separated.
 - EX: María José (Mary Joseph)

- ▶ In many countries, your SAINT (the saint from which you got your name) is celebrated in the Spanish tradition. It is celebrated on the day of that Saint.
- ▶ Finally, last names have a history too. Many last names have a meaning in Spanish. For example, many last names that end in “EZ” mean “son of...” therefore,
 - ALVAREZ = SON OF Alvaro
 - FERNANDEZ = SON OF Fernando
- ▶ Interested? You can research the origin of your favorite name on...

http://genealogy.about.com/cs/surname/a/spanish_names.htm

<http://www.behindthename.com/names/usage/spanish>

Tarea

- Study your vocabulary words. Your next quiz will be Friday....