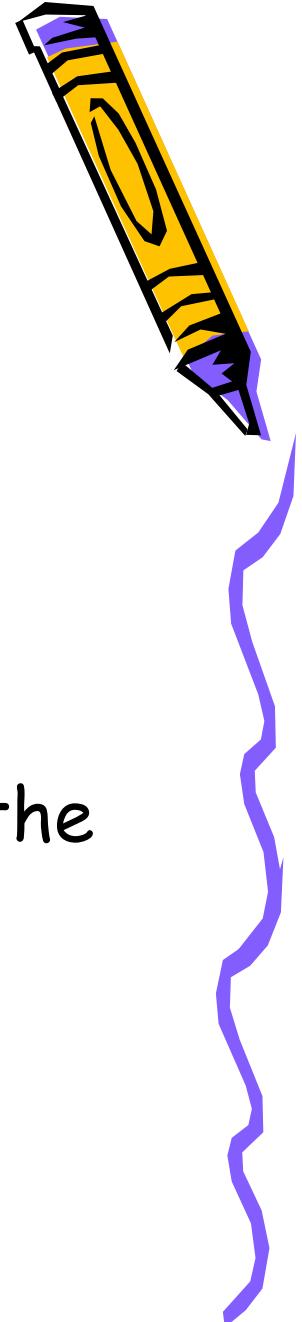
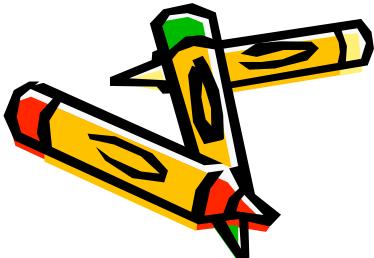


Warm up

- Write ¿Qué tiempo hace? En...
 - Brazil en el verano
 - Texas en el verano
 - Georgia en la primavera
- How do you write the "first" of the month?
- What is the "order" in which you write the date in Spanish?
- Name all the seasons in Spanish!



Leamos: EL SALVADOR

- P. 15



El Salvador

- El Salvador is the smallest country in Central America. It only has coast on the Pacific Ocean.
- El Salvador is mainly volcanic.
- The capital of El Salvador is San Salvador.
- **Salvadoreños** are people from El Salvador. The majority of the population in El Salvador is MESTIZOS (Caucasians and Indians). Both Mayan and Aztec empire had influence in the region. The original name of the country in nauhatl was *Cuzcatlán*
- The salvadoreños are famous for being hard workers.
- Some of the factories in El Salvador are: Shoes, textiles (fabrics), pharmaceutical (medicines)companies, machines (appliances and computer parts)
- The currency of EL Salvador was the Colón until 2001, when they adopted the U.S. dollar.



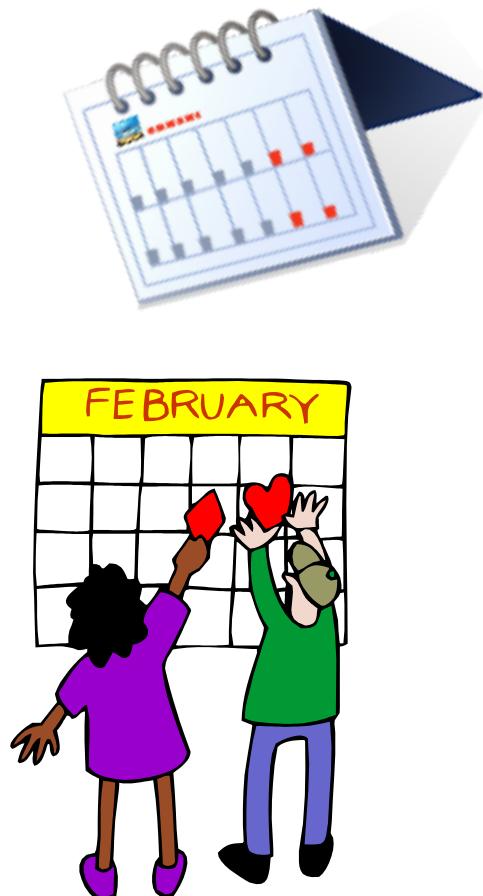
Mayan temple of Tazumal



Volcano of Santa Ana

**DUE DATE:
9 de mayo**

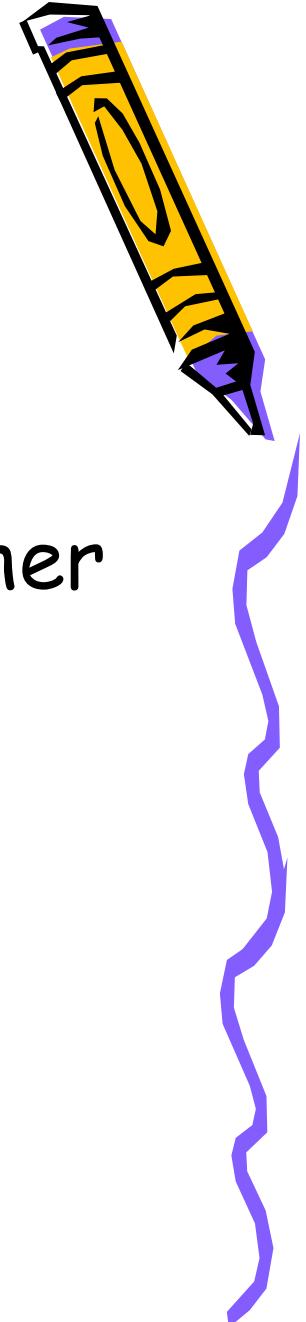
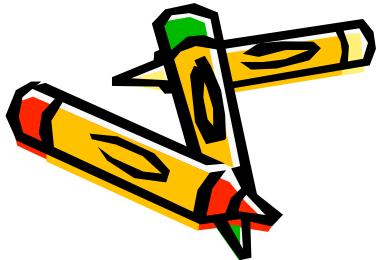
This is a graded project!!!!



- El calendario
 - Read the Rubric with the instructions.
 - Make sure you complete the project in DUE TIME.
 - I will give you time in class to complete it BUT YOU CAN WORK AT HOME TOO!!

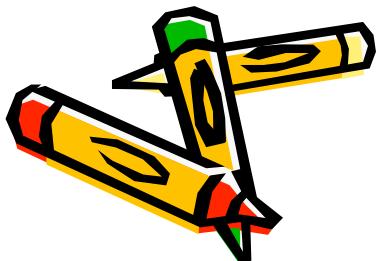
¿Qué día es hoy?

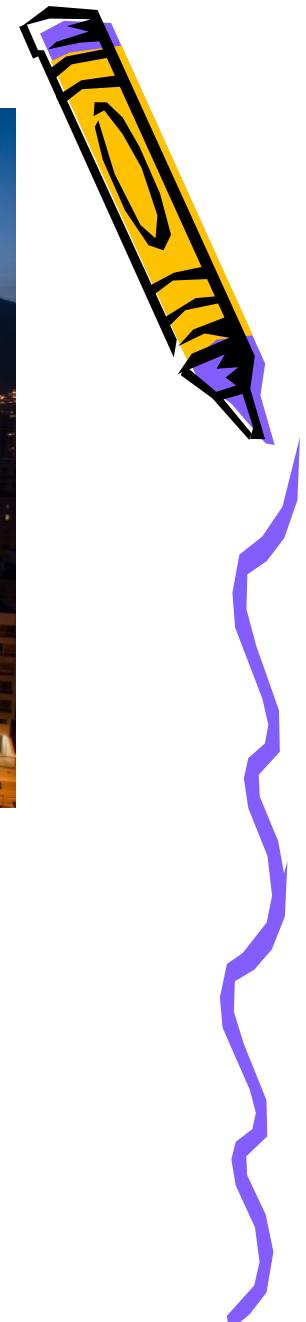
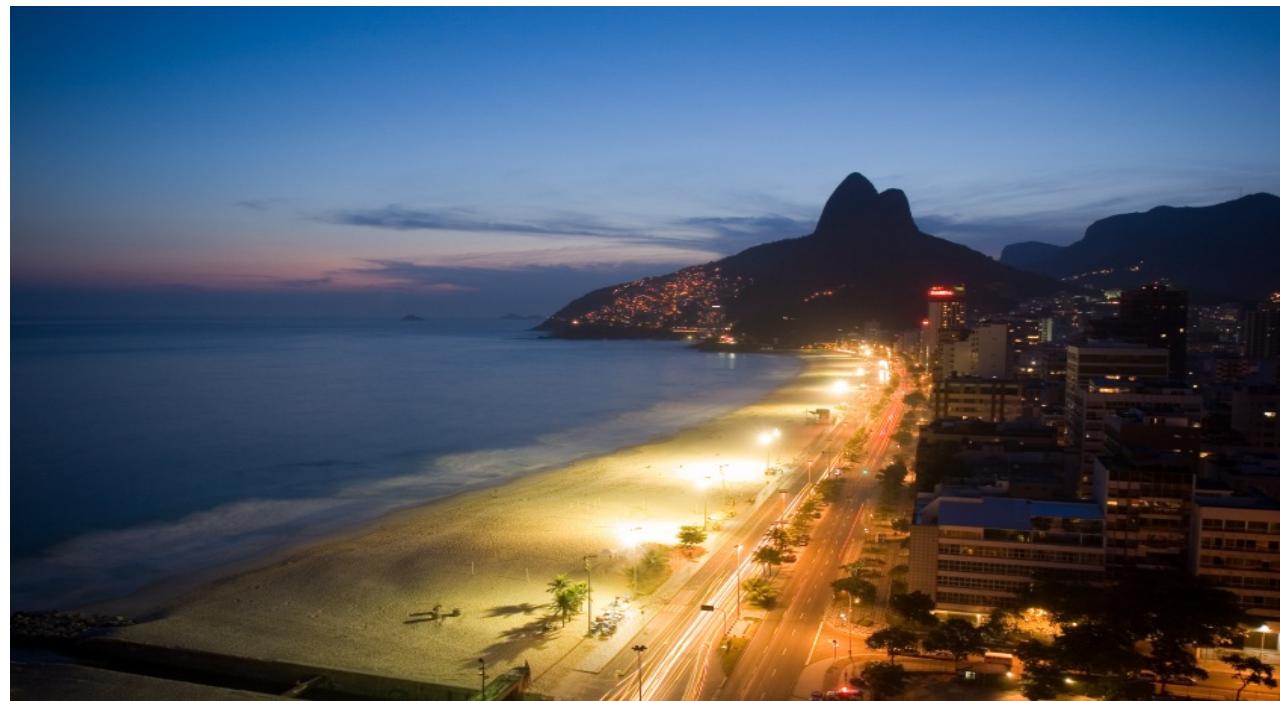
- Let's read the vocabulary of weather
- We are going to complete a little classwork...



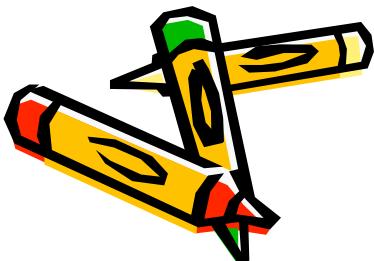
Trabajo “con nota”

- Activity 3 P. 33: Draw a picture of your favorite type of season. You will describe the picture in Spanish in three sentences at the bottom of the page, look at the example next...





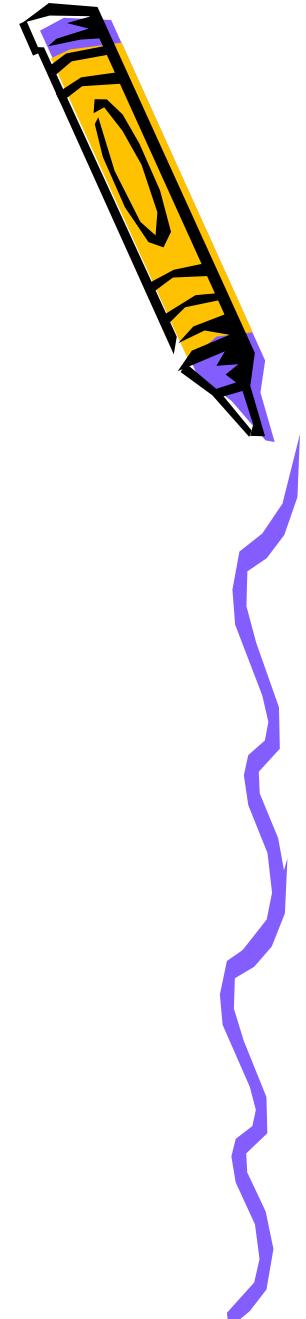
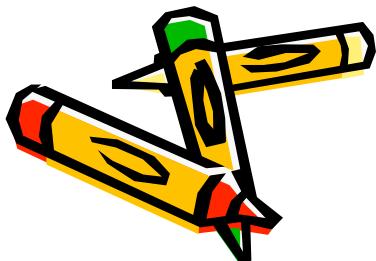
- Hace calor
- Hace sol
- Hace viento



Telling time:

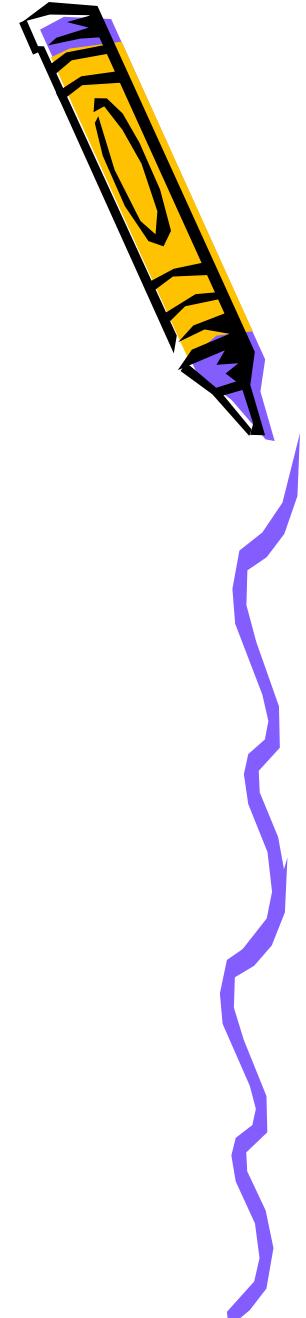
- To ask the time you say:

¿Qué hora es?



Specific terms

- AM de la mañana
- PM de la tarde
- PM de la noche
- Noon Mediodía
- Midnight Medianocche
- sharp en punto
- ??:30 ?? y media.
- ??:15 ?? y cuarto.



El día



12:00a.m.-11:59a.m. = de la mañana



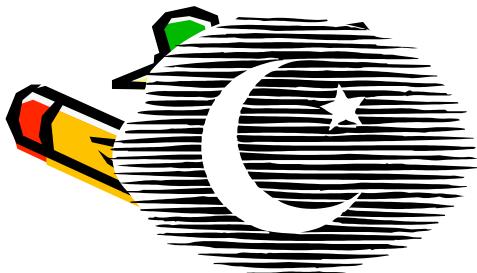
12:00 p.m. = mediodía



12:00p.m.-6:00 p.m. = de la tarde



6:00p.m. – 11:59 p.m. = de la noche



12:00 a.m. = medianocche

¿Qué hora es? = What time is it?

1:00 = Es la una

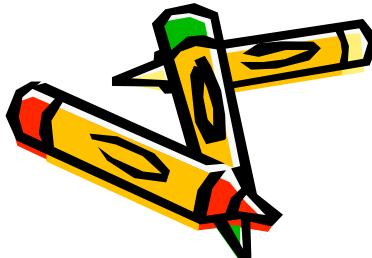
1:25 = Es la una y veinticinco

2:00 = Son las dos

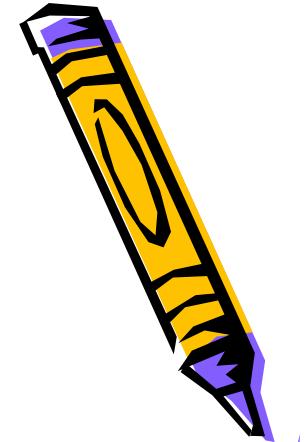
5:15 → Son las cinco y cuarto
Son las cinco y quince

5:30 = Son las cinco y media

5:10 = Son las cinco y diez



¿Qué hora es?*



- *What time is it?
- To answer, follow the given examples:

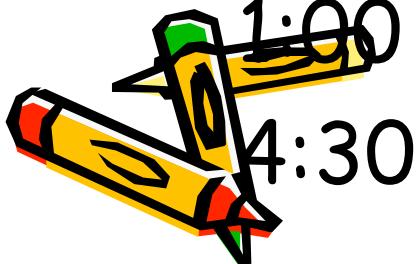
2:10 Son las dos y diez.

5:24 Son las cinco y veinticuatro.

9:00 Son las nueve.

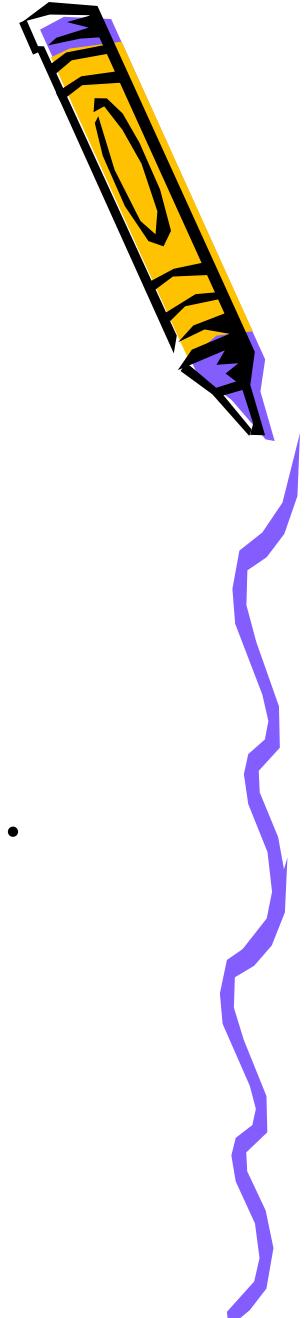
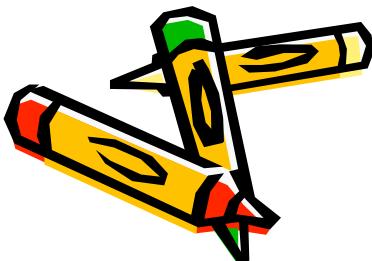
1:00 Es la una.**

4:30 Son las cuatro y media.



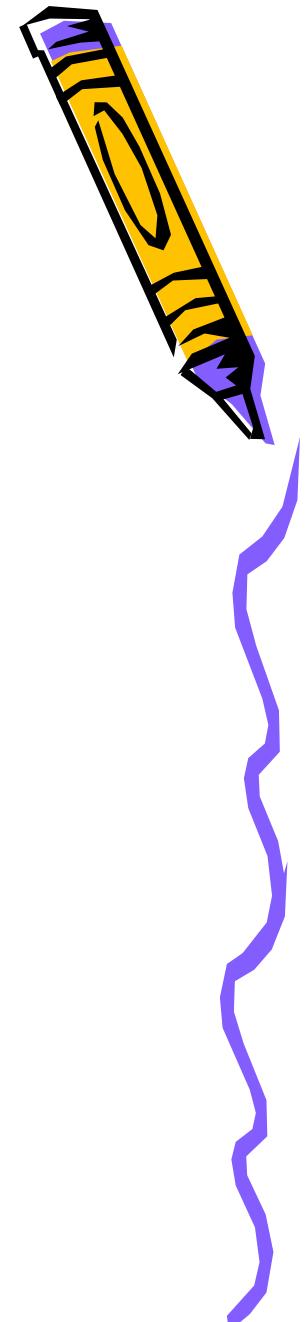
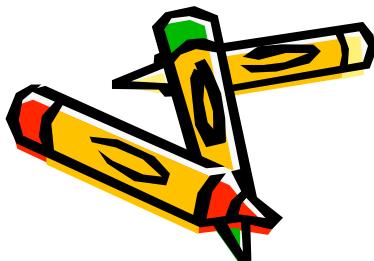
Ejemplos

- 2:30 Son las dos y media.
- 11:15 Son las once y cuarto.
- 3:00 sharp Son las tres en punto.
- 1:25 Es la una y veinticinco.
- 12:00 pm Es mediodía.



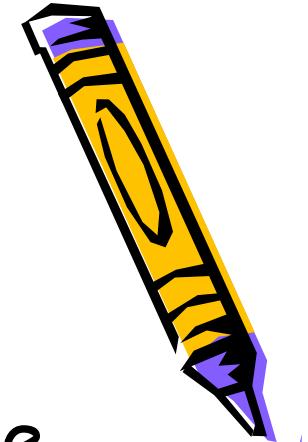
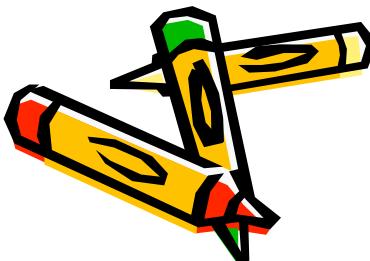
Write the times in
Spanish.

1. 4:20
2. 9:17
3. 5:30
4. 3:13
5. 10:28



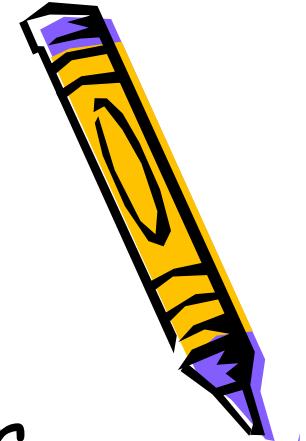
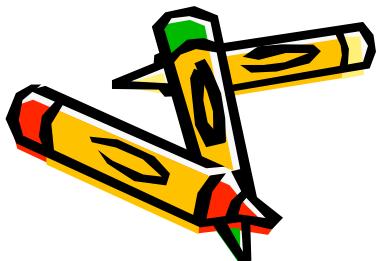
Write the times in Spanish.

1. 4:20 Son las cuatro y veinte.
2. 9:17 Son las nueve y diecisiete.
3. 5:30 Son las cinco y media.
4. 3:13 Son las tres y trece.
5. 10:28 Son las diez y veintiocho.



La hora pt 3

- As in English, you may use the hour and minutes to tell the time after the 30 minute marker.
- 7:40 Son las siete y cuarenta.
- 12:45 Son las doce y cuarenta y cinco.
- 9:32 Son las nueve y treinta y dos.

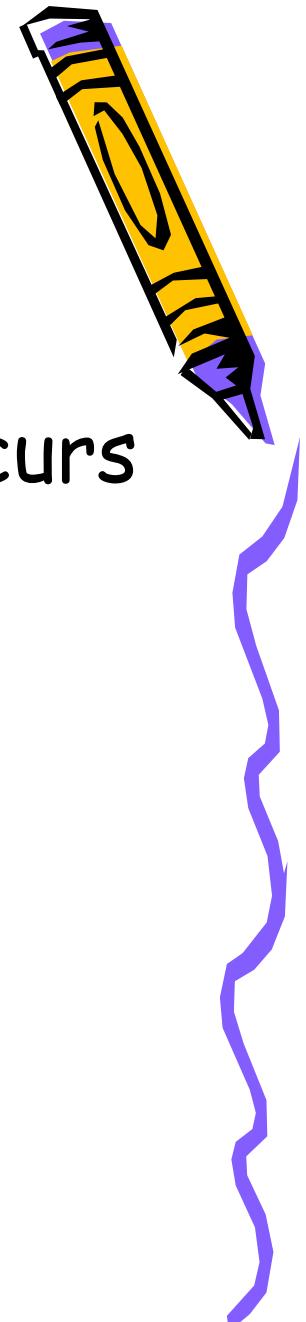
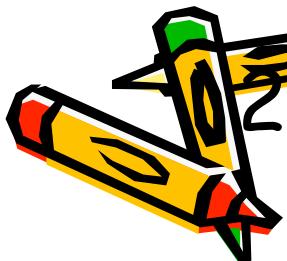


¿A qué hora? *

- At what time? *
- To tell at what time something occurs
use
- A las... or a la...
- Ejemplos

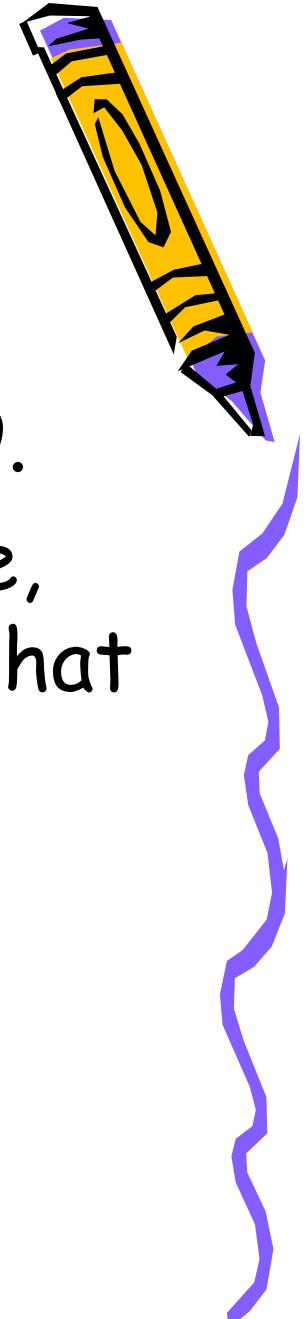
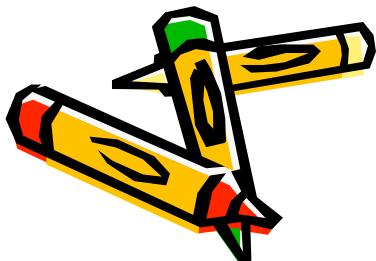
¿A qué hora tienes arte? (At what time do you have art?)

A las dos y cuarenta y cinco. (At 2:45)



Practice

- Do activities 5, 6 and 7 of page 39.
- Practice orally how to ask the time, how to answer and how to ask at what time something happens...



Tarea

- Complete the exercises of page 13 through 15.

